Farmworker Housing Project



Farmworker Housing Repair Program

Presentation to Vermont House General

Kelly Dolan UVM Extension Migrant Education Program

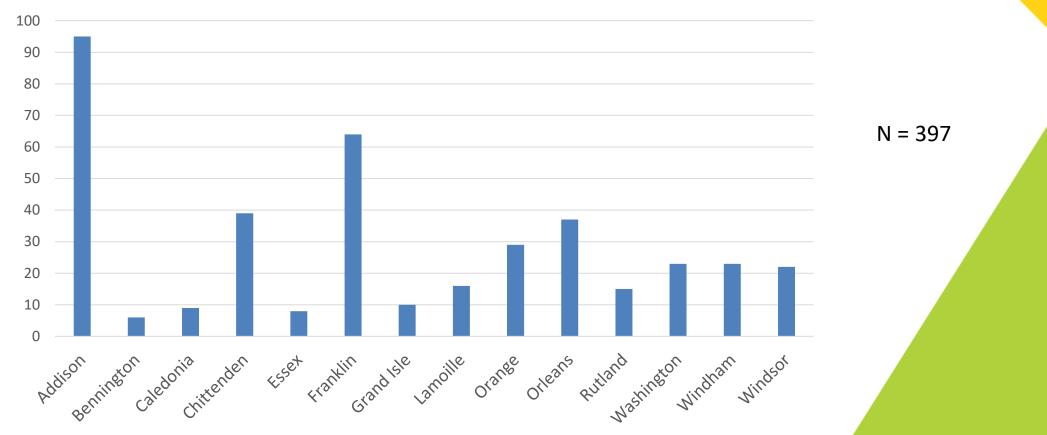
February 8th, 2022



The University of Vermont

Farmworker Housing Data by UVM Extension

Farms Outsourcing Labor by County



Housing is one of the most common non-wage benefits provided to workers on dairy farms

Latinx Migrant Workers

Housing & Utilities provided by 100% of farms

Farmer estimated median annual value per worker \$4,367

U.S. Workers

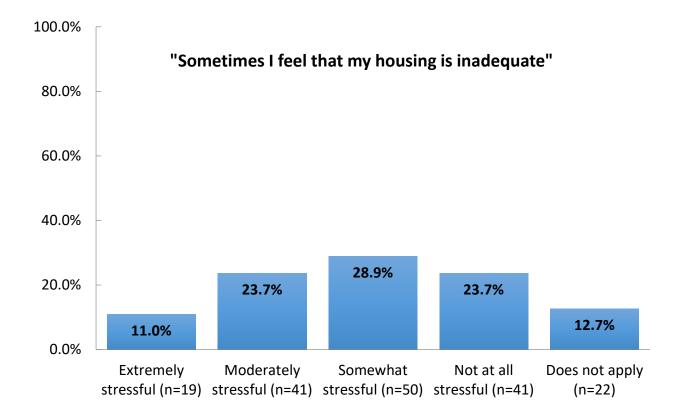
Housing provided by 62% of farms, Utilities provided by 53% of farms

Farmer estimated median annual value per worker \$14,100

Source: Baker & Chappelle, 2010; Baker, Irwin & Kades, 2018.

Latinx Migrant Dairy Farmworker Housing Stress (2016)

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Source: Baker, Kades, Gerlicz & Melgar, 2016

UVM Extension Project Timeline:

January: Identify potential farms according to data February: Initiate farm outreach and statewide stakeholder meeting

March:

Application available, refer to CHT, collect data April/May:

Encourage farms to complete applications, assist CHT with organizing farm visits. Moving Forward:

Facilitate communication between farmers and CHT. Begin construction.

Anticipated Outcomes

- Improved stability on farms Attracting and retaining employees
- Improved physical and mental health for farmworkers Less sick time
- Looking forward: The need for full housing replacements and new construction.

Education and Health in Relation to Housing

- Bed bugs and pests, fire and carbon monoxide, waste disposal, food storage, cleaning and maintenance, preventing illness in congregate housing (ventilation and sanitization).
- Educational programs to enhance language and workplace communication



What questions do you have?



